

# RECITATION 10

# IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES

REVIEW  
SESSION FOR  
THE FINAL  
EXAM

THEORY  
PROBLEM

- What are identification techniques used for?
- What are the identification techniques that we discussed in class?

- Suppose we want to identify the causal impact of  $X$  on  $Y$
- OLS:  $Y_i = \alpha + \beta X_i + \epsilon_i$
- What are the identification assumptions?
  - $\epsilon$  is assumed to be uncorrelated with  $X$ . If  $X$  is a dummy,  $E[\epsilon|X=0] = E[\epsilon|X=1]$
  - what if we include a control variable  $W$ ?

- When do we use IV?
  - We want to estimate the causal impact of  $X$  on  $Y$  but believe that  $X$  is endogenous:
    - reverse causality:  $Y$  also explains  $X$
    - missing variable correlated with  $X$
  - We have an instrument  $Z$
- Suppose  $Z$  is a dummy variable.
  - What is the first stage?  
 $E[X_i|Z_i = 1] - E[X_i|Z_i = 0]$
  - What is the reduced form?  
 $E[Y_i|Z_i = 1] - E[Y_i|Z_i = 0]$
- What are the identification assumptions?
  - There must be a first stage:  $Z$  must affect  $X$
  - Exclusion restriction:  $E[\epsilon|Z = 0] = E[\epsilon|Z = 1]$
- What is the Wald estimator?

- When do we put fixed effects?
- Equation we estimate:  $Y_{i,c} = \alpha_c + \beta X_{i,c} + \epsilon_{i,c}$  where  $\alpha_c$  are (for instance) country fixed effects.
- What variation is then used to measure the impact of  $X$  on  $Y$ ?

- $T_i = 1$  if  $Z_i \geq c$  and  $T_i = 0$  if  $Z_i < c$
- Identification assumption:  
 $\lim_{x \downarrow c} E[Y_i(0) | Z_i = x] = \lim_{x \uparrow c} E[Y_i(0) | Z_i = x]$ . What's  $Y_i(0)$ ?
- What equation do we estimate?  
 $Y_i = \alpha + \beta \mathbf{1}_{Z_i \geq c} + \epsilon$

- Suppose we come up with a identification strategy to regress growth on a dummy equal to 1 if the country is democratic. We add controls for disease environment and whether the country is landlocked
- Results

	Growth
Democracy	0.037 (0.014)
Disease environment	0.09 (0.39)
Landlocked	0.02 (0.12)

- Test  $H_0$ : democracy does not affect growth. What do you conclude?

- Results

	Growth
Democracy	0.037 (0.014)
Disease environment	0.09 (0.39)
Landlocked	0.02 (0.12)

- What is your estimate of the impact of democracy on growth? **MAKE A SENTENCE!!!!** What if the outcome was  $\ln(\text{Growth})$  instead of Growth?
- What is a confidence interval? What is the confidence interval for the estimate of the impact of democracy on growth?
- Can we conclude that democracy is the only factor affecting growth?

# THEORY PROBLEM

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