

**EXAM 1**

- (1) (10 points) Find  $\int_{-2}^3 2x^2 [x] dx$ . (Here, as usual,  $[x]$  denotes the largest integer  $\leq x$ .)

- (2) (10 points) Let  $f$  be an integrable function on  $[a, b]$  and  $a < d < b$ . Further suppose that

$$\int_{a+d}^{b+d} f(x-d)dx = 4, \quad \int_{-a}^{-d} f(-x)dx = 7.$$

Find

$$\int_d^b 2f(x)dx.$$

(3) (10 points) Suppose  $A, B$  are inductive sets. Prove  $A \cap B$  is an inductive set. Give an example of inductive sets  $A, B$  such that  $A - B$  is not an inductive set.

(4) (15 points) Let  $f$  be a bounded, integrable function on  $[0, 1]$ . Suppose there exists  $C \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(x) \geq C > 0$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ . Prove that  $g(x) = 1/f(x)$  is integrable on  $[0, 1]$ .

- (5) (15 points) Suppose  $f$  is defined for all  $x \in (-1, 1)$  and that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = A$ . Show there exists a constant  $c < 1$  such that  $f(x)$  is bounded for all  $x \in (-c, c)$ .

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