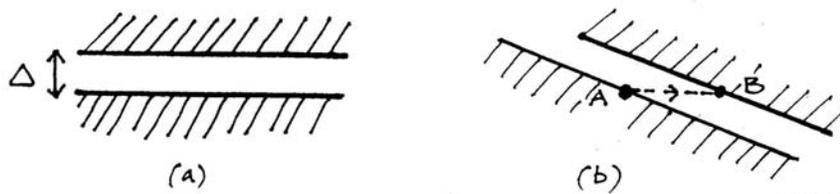


1. Breakdown of Semiclassical Theory: Zener Tunneling



Consider a semiconductor with a bandgap Δ (Fig. a) subject to a strong electric field E . We can consider that the energy level is tilted in space as shown in Fig. (b). The states at points A and B now have the same energy and an electron can tunnel between the two points. This is called Zener tunneling. The goal of this problem is to calculate the tunneling probability.

- (a) We will need to understand the solution of the Schrodinger equation when the energy E is in the energy gap:

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2\Psi + (V(r) - E)\Psi = 0$$

where V is a periodic potential. Consider a one-dimensional model for simplicity. Show that the wave function can be expanded as

$$\Psi_k = \sum_G a_{k-G} e^{i(k-G)x}$$

where k is in general complex. In the vicinity of the zone boundary we can write $k = 1/2G_0 + \kappa$ and $E = E_0 + \varepsilon$ where $G_0 = 2\pi/a$, a is the lattice constant and $E_0 = \hbar^2(G_0/2)^2/2m$. Show that κ satisfies

$$\kappa^2 = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} \left[\frac{\varepsilon^2 - |V_{G_0}|^2}{4E_0} \right]$$

Note that κ is imaginary if $\varepsilon < V_{G_0}$, so that the wavefunction is exponentially growing or decaying.

- (b) Assume that ε varies linearly with x

$$\varepsilon(x) = eEx$$

where the origin is the mid-point between A and B. What is the distance between A and B?

- (c) Use the WKB approximation to evaluate the tunneling probability

$$P = \exp\left(-2 \int_B^A dx |\kappa(x)|\right).$$

Show that it is given by $P = \exp(-\pi^2\Delta^2/8E_0eEa)$. What is the condition for the breakdown of the semiclassical theory, which states that an electron stays within the same energy band?

2. Landau Levels

Consider an electron in a cubic box $L \times L \times L$ in a uniform magnetic field B in the z direction. It satisfies

$$\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\hbar \nabla}{i} + \frac{e}{c} \mathbf{A} \right)^2 \Psi = E \Psi$$

(a) With the choice of gauge $A = -By\hat{x}$, show that

$$E = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega_c + \hbar^2 k_z^2 / 2m$$

where n are integers and $\hbar \omega_c = eB/mc$.

(b) Show that the degeneracy of each level is given by eBL^2/hc and compare this with the result of Onsager's quantization rule.